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义务教育教科书





七年级上册

₩ 译林出版社

义务教育教科书



七年级上册

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致同学

欢迎来到我们的英语学习乐园。这里有新鲜、丰富的话题, 纯正、规范的语言, 有趣、多样的练习。这是教材, 但又不仅仅是教材。

在这里,你将通过体验、实践、参与、探究与合作,学会如何用英语与他人 交流,如何表达自己的思想。在这里,别样的风土人情、多元的学习方式,将会 给你一个开放的思维空间。

这是埃迪 (Eddie) 🧨 , 这是霍波 (Hobo) 🤏 , 他俩将伴随你一起走过 三年的学习时光。本学期我们共学习八个单元。在每单元开篇的卡通画 (Comic strip)中,风趣的漫画、简洁的对白,带你轻松地进入单元的学习。接下来的导入 (Welcome to the unit), 一组图片、一段对话,激活你关于单元话题已有的知识和 经验。阅读(Reading)是我们的重点学习板块。本学期,介绍自己和朋友,说说 喜欢的体育运动,描述学校及学校生活,从节日庆祝到生活方式,从逛街购物到 衣着服饰,这里的每一个话题都贴近你的生活,一定会让你喜欢。接下来,语法 板块(Grammar)梳理本单元出现的重点语言现象,帮助你更好地掌握语言规则。 综合技能(Integrated skills)中的听、说、读、写训练,着重培养你的综合语言运 用能力。为了帮助你更有效地学习,学习技能(Study skills)板块介绍一些具体的 学习方法,本册关于语音、语调的知识,有助于你准确地拼读、记忆单词,了解 语音、语调的变化, 使你能更好地理解和表达观点。学完一个单元, 你一定也想 就这个话题动手写一写。任务板块(Task)引导你整理思路、组织语言,再落笔 成文。最后,通过自我评价(Self-assessment),你将体验收获的快乐。如果你还 愿意接受更高的挑战,每个模块(四个单元)之后的课题(Project),可以让你大 显身手。

现在,请放松心情,和我们一起走进这个乐园吧。祝你学习愉快!

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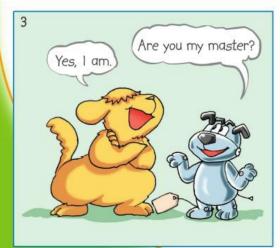
Unit 1

This is me!













New school, new friends

Let's get to know the new students on their first day at Sunshine Middle School.



(Task) Write about yourself.



Greetings

A b The new students in Class 1, Grade 7 at Sunshine Middle School are greeting each other. Read what they say.



B What greetings do you often use at the following times? Write the correct sentence under each picture.

Good morning.

Good afternoon.

Good evening.

3

14:45

3

18:00

Good evening.



Millie is greeting Sandy. Work in pairs. Greet your partner and then introduce yourself. Use the conversation below as a model.





A Welcome to Class 1, Grade 7!

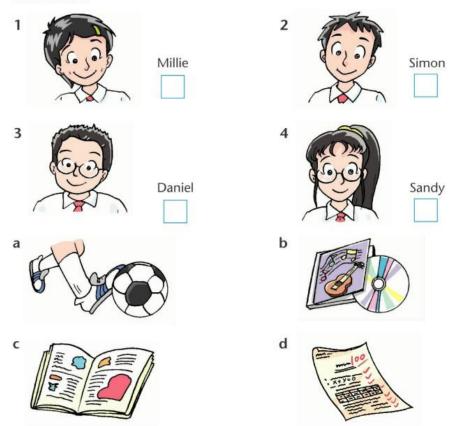


Millie, Simon, Sandy and Daniel are new students at Sunshine Middle School. Let's meet them.



B New students

B1 Help Mr Wu, the English teacher, match the new students with the correct information.



B2 Look at Mr Wu's notes below. Write a **T** if a sentence is true or an **F** if it is false.

1	Millie is 11 years old.	
2	Millie has short hair.	·
3	Simon is not tall.	-
4	Simon likes sports.	
5	Sandy is short.	
6	Sandy does not have long hair.	·
7	Daniel is tall.	· ·
8	Daniel is from Nanjing.	

B3 Mr Wu is writing about his new students. Help him complete his sentences.



Simon is (1)	He often plays ⁽²⁾	after	
school. Sandy	is tall and slim. She has (3)	hair. She	
likes (4)	Millie's hair is (5)	She loves	1
(6)	Daniel is from ⁽⁷⁾	He is good at	_
(8)		9	
		0	

C About yourself

Complete the sentences about yourself.

0		
~	1	My name is
7	2	I am a new student at
7	3	I am years old.
4	4	I am from
4	5	I am
4	6	I have hair.
4	7	I love
4	8	I am good at
4		



Simple present tense of the verb to be

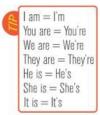
We use the simple present tense to talk about facts and states.







We make positive and negative sentences using the verb **to be** in the simple present tense like this:



1	am	
You/We/They	are	happy.
He/She/It	is	

1	am not	
You/We/They	are not	happy.
He/She/It	is not	

We ask and answer questions using the verb **to be** in the simple present tense like this:

Am	1	
Are	you/we/they	happy?
Is	he/she/it	

a	are not = aren't
E	is not = isn't

	1	am.
Yes,	you/we/they	are.
	he/she/it	is.

	1	am not.
No,	you/we/they	are not.
	he/she/it	is not.

Millie and her new school

(A) Millie has some pictures of her new classmates and her teacher. Complete what they are saying with the correct forms of the verb **to be**.













B *Millie is talking to her new friends. Complete their conversation with the correct forms of the verb to be.*

Millie: Hi, Sandy. Our school (1) _____ big.

Sandy: Yes, it (2) ______. The classrooms (3) ______ big too.

Simon: Our teachers (4) _____ nice. Mr Wu (5) _____ a good teacher.

Sandy: (6) _____ he our Chinese teacher?

Millie: No, he (7) ______. He (8) _____ our

English teacher.

Simon: (9) _____ you good at English, Sandy?

Sandy: No, I (10) ______.





A Meeting my new friends

Millie is telling her mother about her classmates Kitty and Amy. Look at the profiles below. Help Millie circle the correct answers in the table.

This is Kitty. Her hair is long.

She loves dancing.



This is Amy.

She has short hair.

She is good at swimming.



	Kitty	Amy
Age	11/12	11/12
Hair	short/long	short/long
Looks	small/cute	small/cute
Hobby	swimming/dancing	swimming/dancing



(A2) Listen to their conversation and help Millie complete the rest of the table above.



(A3) Help Millie complete her notes about her new friends. Then listen to the conversation again and check your answers.

I am at a new	school now. I have some i	new friends. Kitty	١.
is (1)	She is (2)	years old. Her	
hair is (3)	She loves (4)	Amy is	*
(5)	She is (6)	_ years old. Her hair 🗼	
is ⁽⁷⁾	She is good at (8)	I love	
my new classm	nates.	Note	*

B Speak up: Glad to meet you.



Millie and her cousin Andy are greeting Kitty at school. Work in groups of three and greet each other. Use the conversation below as a model.



Kitty: Hi, Millie.

Millie: Hi, Kitty. This is my cousin Andy. Andy, this is my new classmate

Kitty.

Andy: Glad to meet you.

Kitty: Glad to meet you, Andy. Are you in Grade 7 too?

Andy: No, I'm in Grade 8.

Kitty: Oh, I see.

Andy: Our school is nice.

Kitty: Yes, it is. I like it.



Vowels (I)

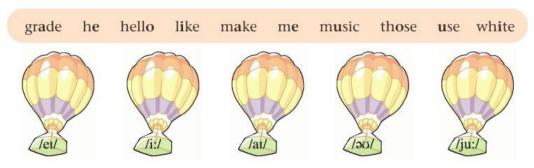


Read the following words. Pay attention to the sounds of the letters **a**, **e**, **i**, **o** and **u**. They are the same as the sounds of the five letters.



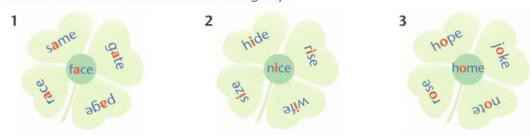
cake	face	game	lake	name	→	/eɪ/
be	he	me	we	these	→	/i:/
bike	fine	kite	rice	time	→	/aɪ/
g o	home	no	nose	SO	→	/၁೮/
computer	cute	music	pupil	use	→	/ju:/

(A) Read the words below. Then put them in the correct sound groups.





B Look at the groups of words. Try to read the new words according to the sound of the word in the centre in each group.





- **C** Read the following sentences. Pay attention to the sounds of the letters in bold.
- 1 Listen to the music. It's nice.
- 2 These students often fly kites.
- **3** Those pupils like playing games.
- 4 He likes the cute baby.
- 5 Sometimes we go home late.



Introduce yourself





(A) The students are introducing themselves. Read about Daniel.

Daniel

Hello, everyone! I am Daniel. I am 12. I come from Nanjing, but now I live with my family in Beijing.

I am not tall. My hair is very short, and I wear glasses.

I like all the lessons at Sunshine Middle School, and I am good at Maths.

I have some new friends at school. They are all very nice.

Useful expressions

My name is/I am

I am ... (years old).

I am/come from

I live with ... in

I am tall/short/pretty/small

My hair is long/short.

I have long/short hair.

I wear glasses.

I like/love

I am good at dancing/swimming

B First, fill in the table with your own information. Then, write about yourself. Introduce yourself to the class.

Name	
Age	
School	
Class & Grade	
I am from	
I live with	
I am	
I like/love	
I am good at	

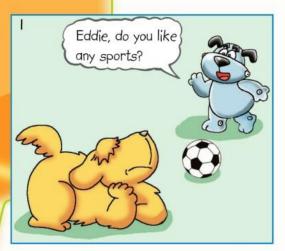


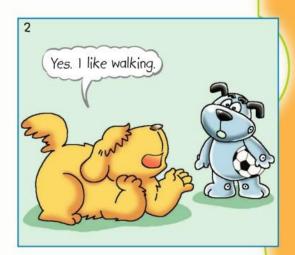
l can	Examples	Result
 tell something about Milli and her classmates. 	ie	
2 use the new words to talk about people.		
3 use the correct forms of the verb to be to talk about myself and my friends.		
4 find more words with the sounds /eɪ/, /i:/, /aɪ/, /əʊ/ and /ju:/.		
Result: Wonderful! need to spend more time or	Good!	Not bad!

Unit 2

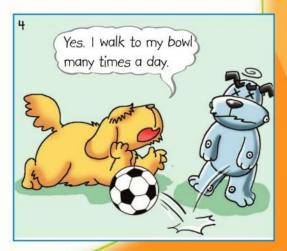
Let's play sports!













Fun sports

The Class 1, Grade 7 students are writing about their favourite sports.



Write about your favourite sport.



Sports

(A) The students are talking about their favourite sports. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.



B Amy and Simon are talking about sports. Work in pairs and talk about your favourite sport. Use the conversation below as a model.





My favourite football player





Read Simon's article about his favourite football player, Li Hua.

Sports My favourite football player





I love sports, and I like football very much. Li Hua is my favourite football star.

Li Hua is 22 years old. He is a new member of Huanghe Football Club. He comes from

5 Guangdong, but now lives in Beijing. He looks strong and plays football very well. Many people like him.

Li Hua plays football every day. In his free time, he studies English. He also enjoys listening to music.

10 It makes him happy.

Li Hua wants to play in the next World Cup. I hope his dream comes true.



B Li Hua, the football player

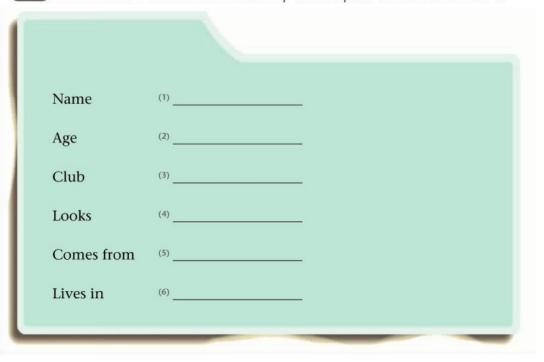
B1 Millie wants to make a card about Li Hua. Where can she find the information? Help her write the correct paragraph numbers in the blanks.

ln	formation	Paragraph
a	What is Li Hua's dream?	
b	Who is Li Hua?	
С	Who is Simon's favourite football player?	
d	What does Li Hua do in his free time?	

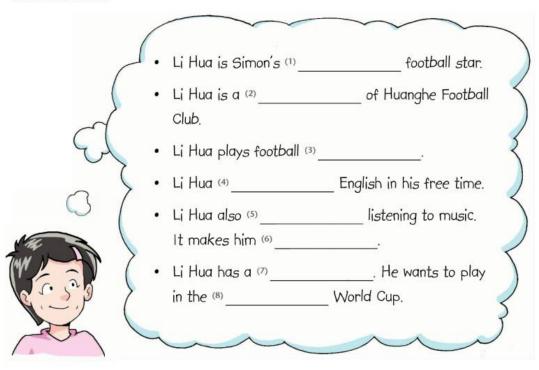
B2 Millie is asking Simon some questions about Li Hua. Help Simon answer her questions with the words on page 20.

Is Li Hua in any club?	Yes. He's a (1) of Huanghe Football Club.
How old is he?	He's (2) years old.
How does he look?	He looks (3)
Does he come from Beijing?	No, he doesn't. He (4) Guangdong, but now (5) Beijing.
Does he play football well?	Yes, he does. Many people (6) him.
BY CO	

(B3) Here is Millie's card about Li Hua. Help her complete the information on it.



B4 Millie has got more information about Li Hua. Help her complete the sentences below.



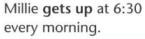


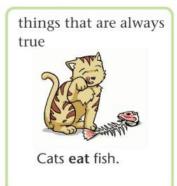
Simple present tense of the verb to do

We use the simple present tense when we talk about:



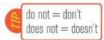






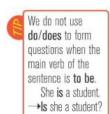


We make positive and negative sentences using the verb **to do** in the simple present tense like this:



I/You/We/They	like	sports.	I/You/We/They	do not	liko	sports.	
He/She/It	likes	зрога.	He/She/It	does not	like	sports.	

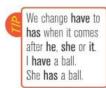
We ask and answer questions using the verb **to do** in the simple present tense like this:



Do	I/you/we/they	like	sports?
Does	he/she/it	like	зрогся.

Yes,	I/you/we/they	do.
163,	he/she/it	does.
No,	I/you/we/they	do not.
INU,	he/she/it	does not.

Remember that we add **-s** to the verb after **he**, **she** or **it**. However, there are some exceptions:



	Most verbs	+ s	like	→	likes	play	→	plays
	Verbs ending in a consonant + y	– y + ies	study	→	stud ies	fly	→	flies
)	Verbs ending in ch , sh , ss or x	+ es			watch es dress es			washes fixes
	Some verbs ending in o	+ es	go	→	goes	do	→	does

Millie and her classmates

Millie is writing about herself and her classmates.	Help her complete the
sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in the box.	

1	I pla	ying volleyball.	dance
2	Kitty	very well.	go
3	Amy	swimming every week.	like
4	Simon often	football with his friends.	play watch
5	Daniel sometimes	hall games on TV	waten

The students are writing their names under the activities they like in the table below. Complete the questions and then use the information to answer them.

Listening to music	Swimming	Reading	Walking	Drawing
Simon Kitty Sandy	Amy Daniel	Amy Daniel Millie Sandy Simon	Amy Daniel Kitty Millie	Amy Millie Sandy

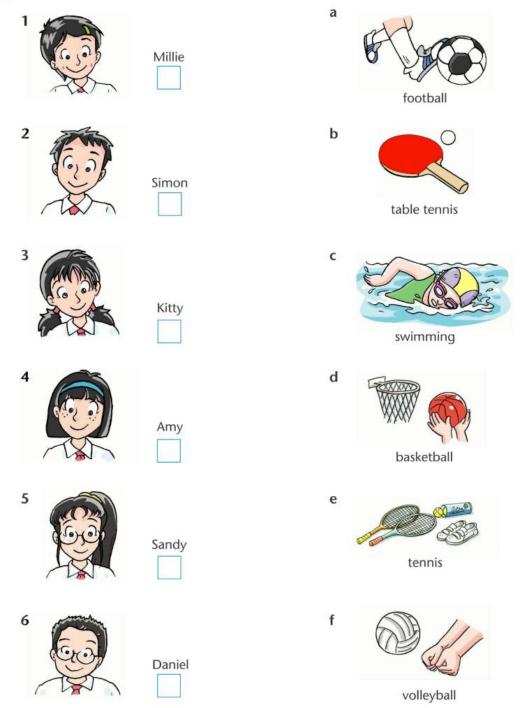
1	Sandy and Kitty enjoy listening to music? Yes, they do.
2	Millie like swimming?
3	Amy enjoy reading?
4	Simon like walking?
5	Simon and Daniel love drawing?
	iel and Simon are talking about their weekends. Complete their with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets. i, Simon. (1) you (play) football at weekends?
Simon:	f course. I often (2) (play) football with my cousins.
Daniel:	your parents (go) with you?
Simon:	o, they don't. But my dad sometimes (4) (watch) our ames. Sometimes he (5) (read) at home. My mum often (shop) at weekends. What about you, Daniel?
Daniel:	often (7) (stay) at home. Sometimes I (8) (go) vimming with my dad.



A What sport do you like?



(A1) Mr Wu is asking his students about their favourite sports. Listen to the conversation and help Mr Wu write the correct letters in the boxes.





(A2) Help Mr Wu complete his notes below with the information in Part A1. Then listen to the conversation again and check your answers.

Many of my students like sports. Amy likes (1)*	
and she is good at it. Simon likes playing (2) very	
much. Millie likes playing (3) Sandy is tall, and	本
she often plays (4) Kitty often plays	
(5) Daniel does not like sports very much, but he	
sometimes plays (6) Note	25

B Speak up: What do you often do after school?



Sandy and Millie are talking about what they often do after school. Work in pairs and talk about your after-school activities. Use the conversation below as a model.

Millie: Hi, Sandy. What do you often do after school?

Sandy: I often play basketball.

Millie: What else do you like to do?

Sandy: Sometimes I listen to music. I love music. It makes me feel great.

What about you, Millie?

Millie: I often play volleyball with my friends, and I like reading too.

I read a lot of interesting books.

Sandy: Me too. Reading is fun.







Vowels (II)



Read the following words. Pay attention to the sounds of the letters **a**, **e**, **i**, **o** and **u**. They are different from the sounds in Unit 1 and each sound is short.

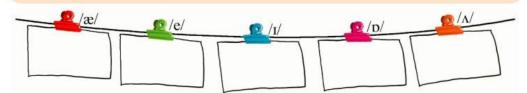


сар	cat	dad	man	map	→	/æ/
desk	egg	pen	red	yes	→	/e/
big	city	him	sit	with	→	/1/
box	d o g	long	not	stop	→	/p/
but	cup	d u ck	run	sun	→	///



(A) Read the words below. Then put them under the correct sound groups.

clock club fun get happy listen bad often swim well





B Look at the groups of words. Try to read the new words according to the sound of the first word in each group.

1	hand	2	help	3	film	4	hot	5	mum
	h a bit		lend		bill		j o b		g u n
	l a b		test		risk		top		j u st
	mad		wet		silk		rock		l u ck



Read the phrases below. Pay attention to the different sounds of the letters in bold.











take this bag these eggs

a nice picture

open the box

a music club



I love sports!





(A **b**) Millie's classmate David is writing about his favourite sport. Read his article

My name is David. I love sports, and I like basketball very much.

I am a member of our school basketball team. I often play basketball with my friends after school. We often talk about basketball and watch basketball matches on TV.



Yao Ming is my favourite basketball player. He plays basketball very well. He is my hero!

Useful expressions

I love sports.

I like ... very much.

I enjoy

... is my favourite sport.

... is my favourite ... player/star.

I like walking/swimming

I like playing football/basketball/volleyball/tennis

I often play ... with

... make(s) me happy/feel great.

It is fun.

B What sport do you like to play? Answer the questions below. Then write about your favourite sport and tell your classmates about it.

My favourite sport	
What is your favourite sport?	
Who do you often play with?	
When and where do you often play?	
Do you often watch matches?	
Who is your favourite player?	

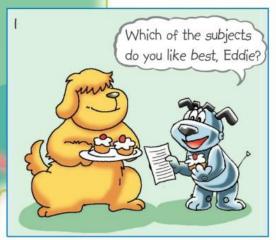


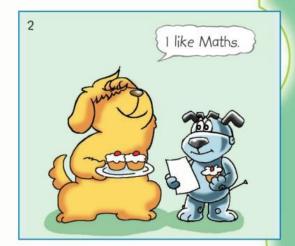
l c	an	Examples	Result
1	talk about Simon's favourite football player.		
2	use the new words to talk about a player.		
3	use the correct forms of the verb to do to talk about activities.		
4	find more words with the sounds /æ/, /e/, /ɪ/, /ɒ/ and /ʌ/.		

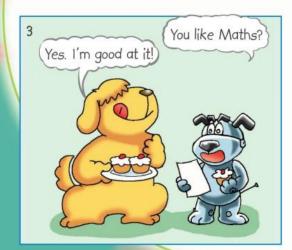
Unit 3

Welcome to our school!













Open Day

Millie tells her mother about Sunshine Middle School. She also learns about her penfriend's school.



Tell your friends about your school.



A Subjects

Do you know the name of each subject? Write the correct word under each picture.

	/			,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Art His	story	Biology Maths		Chinese Music	English PE	Geography
			2		:	S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
4	A COPT OF THE STATE OF THE STAT		5			古诗二首
		2	8	I love Chir		

B School Open Day



Millie wants her mother to come to Sunshine Middle School on the Open Day. Work in pairs and talk about the Open Day at your school.

Mum: What's the date today, Millie?

Millie: It's 9 October. Oh, tomorrow is our Open Day. Can you come, Mum?

Mum: Yes, I can. What time is it?

Millie: The parents' meeting begins at two o'clock in the afternoon. After

that, parents watch two of our lessons.

Mum: OK. Let's meet at the school gate at 1:30.



A Welcome to our school!



Millie meets her mother at the school gate. She is ready to show her mother around. Read their conversation.

Millie: Hi, Mum.

Mum: Hi, dear. Your school looks beautiful. The playground is so big.

Millie: Yes, it is. Let me show you around. We're now in front of the

classroom building. There are 18 classrooms in it. My classroom

is on the ground floor.

Mum: The classrooms are clean and bright.

Millie: Yes, they are. This way, Mum. We also have an art room, a

music room and two computer rooms.

Mum: That's wonderful. You have a library too, right?

10 Millie: Yes. That new building is our library.

Mum: It looks modern. What's the building over there?

Millie: It's the school hall. We have meetings there.

Mum: I see. Who's that man in a white shirt?

Millie: He's Mr Wu, our English teacher.

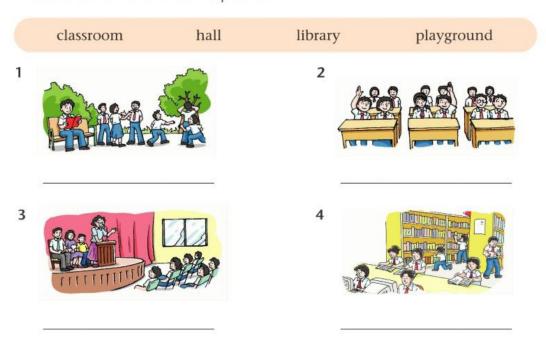
15 Mum: Oh, he looks young.

Millie: Yes, he does. Let's go to the hall, Mum.



B All about Sunshine Middle School

B1 Here are some pictures of different places at Millie's school. Help her write the correct words under the pictures.



B2▶ Here is some information about Sunshine Middle School. Tick (✔) the correct answers.

Sunshine Mic	idle School	
Playground:	small	big
Classroom building:	18 classrooms	80 classrooms
Classrooms:	clean and bright	big and modern
Art room(s):	one	two
Music room(s):	one	two
Computer room(s):	one	two
Library:	new	old
School hall:	for meetings	for classes

ser	tence is true or an F if it is false.
1	Sunshine Middle School looks beautiful.
2	Millie and her mum are behind the classroom building.
3	Millie's classroom is on the ground floor.
4	They have a new library.
5	They have meetings in the library.
6	They do not have a school hall.
7	Mr Wu is in a white shirt on the Open Day.

B3 Read the information about Sunshine Middle School. Write a T if a

B4 *Millie* wants to write about her school. Complete her diary entry with the information on page 32.

8 Mr Wu is Millie's Chinese teacher.

T. T.	10 October
0 3	Dear Diary,
n n	Today is our Open Day. Our parents come and visit our school on this day.
nnn	Our school looks (1) The (2) is very big, and our classrooms are clean and (3)
CECOUNTAULUNG	There are 18 classrooms in the classroom (4), and my classroom is on the (5) floor. We also have an (6) room, a music room and two (7)
nnnnn	Our library is new and (8) There are lots of books. We often go there in the afternoon.
7 7 7 7 7	We also have a school (9) We have meetings there. Our school is really nice. We all love it.



A Personal pronouns (subject form)

We can use personal pronouns to replace nouns for people or things, so we do not need to repeat the nouns. We use the subject form when the noun is the subject.

	Subject form	Example
	1	My name is Millie. I live in Beijing.
ar	you	Are you in Class 1, Grade 7, Andy?
Singular	he/she/it	Simon loves football. He is in the football team. Kitty is cute. She loves dancing. This is our new library. It is big and modern.
=	we	I am Daniel and this is Amy. We are classmates.
Plural	you	Do you know the teacher over there, Simon and Sandy?
P	they	I have many new friends. They are all very nice.

My friends

	Millie and her mother are in the classroom now. Complete their conversation correct personal pronouns.
Millie:	Mum, look at the pictures of my friends on the wall.
Mum:	OK. Let me see. Is this Daniel?
Millie:	Yes, it is. Daniel is clever. (1) is good at Maths.
Mum:	Is that Simon, Millie?
Millie:	Yes, Mum. Simon is tall. (2) is in our school football team.
Mum:	This is Kitty, I think.
Millie:	No. This is Amy. (3) has short hair. That's Kitty.
	(4) has long hair.
Mum:	Oh yes. (5) are good friends, right?
Millie:	Yes Mum (6) are all very nice (7) love them

B Personal pronouns (object form)

We can use personal pronouns to replace nouns for people or things. We use the object form when the noun is the object of a verb or preposition.

All my friends are really nice! I love them.

My school is beautiful. I like it very much.

	Singular					Plural		
Subject form	1	you	he	she	it	we	you	they
Object form	me	you	him	her	it	us	you	them

On the phone

Daniel is talking to his grandfather on the phone. Complete their conversation with the correct personal pronouns.

I'm at a new school, Grandpa. Let me tell you about (1)

Mr Wu is our English teacher. We all like
(2)

I have some new friends. I like to play with ⁽³⁾ _____ after class.

I'm not good at English. Sometimes Millie helps (4) ______.

Is Grandma at home now? I want to say hello to (5) _____.



Pardon? Daniel, I can't hear
(6) _____ well on the phone.



A How do you get to school?



(A1) Millie and her friends are talking about how they get to school every day. Listen to their conversation and match each girl with the way she goes to school.

Millie

2



Amy

b

a



3



Sandy

C





(A2) Listen to the conversation again and complete the table below.

Name	How does she get to school?	How long does it take?
Millie		
Amy		
Sandy		



(A3) Listen to the conversation once again. Help Millie complete her notes below.

1	**********
	It is a long way from my home to the school. I (1)
	to school every day. It takes me about (2) I often
	get up at (3) My friend Amy lives near our school.
	She (4) to school every morning. It takes her
	. She always gets to school (6)
	Sandy goes to school (7) It takes her about
	(8) to get to school.

B Speak up: Do you have a library?



Amy's cousin Shirley wants to know more about Amy's school. Work in pairs and talk about your school. Use the conversation below as a model.

Shirley: Do you have a library, Amy?

Amy: Yes, we have a big library.

Shirley: Really? When is it open?

Amy: It's open from 8 a.m. to 5:30 p.m., but the reading room is only

open in the afternoon.

Shirley: Do you often read there?

Amy: Sure. There are all kinds of books in our library.

Shirley: Do you borrow books from the library?

Amy: Yes. Look at this one. It's interesting!





Consonants (I)



Read the following words. Pay attention to the sounds of the consonants.



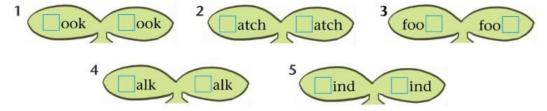
p en	ha pp y	ca p	→	/p/	man	animal	room	-	/m/
b ed	a b out	clu b	->	/b/	n ight	know	run	->	/n/
tea	pretty	cat	->	/t/	drink	English	si ng	->	/ŋ/
day	un d er	red	->	/d/	late	play	pencil	→	/1/
c up	k ite	ba ck	→	/k/	read	every	write	->	/r/
get	ti g er	egg	->	/g/	year	yes	you	->	/j/
home	behind	who	->	/h/	week	well	wh ich	→	/w/



(A) Read the words below. Pay attention to the different sounds of the letters in bold.

1	big	3	aunt	5	nice	7	class	9	bring
	pig		an d		rice		glass		begi n
2	call	4	light	6	them	8	thin	10	clean
	tall		night		then		sing		green

Fill in different letters to make up two words for each group.





Practise saying the following sentences. Pay attention to the sounds of the letters in bold.

- 1 We can sing the English song.
- 2 Look left, then right, then left when you cross the road.
- 3 Bring me a birthday cake on your way back.
- 4 Lucy likes the number ninety-nine.
- 5 Peter puts his pencils and pens on the book.



My school





(A) Liu Yi, Millie's penfriend, is at Hope Middle School. Read his letter below.

Dear Millie,

Thanks for your letter. I study at Hope Middle School now.

Our school is small. We only have a few classrooms. We do not have a library, but we have a reading room. Sometimes we read books there.

Our playground is in front of the classrooms. It is not very big. We often play there after class.

Our teachers are all very kind. We like them very much.

I live far away from the school. I go to school on foot every day. It takes me about an hour to get to school.

All the best,

Liu Yi



Useful expressions

I study at

There are ... classrooms in

We have/do not have a playground/a library/a hall

It is not ..., but

I live far away from/near the school.

I take a bus/walk to school.

I go to school by bike/by bus/on foot

It takes me ... to get to school.

B Think about your school and answer the following questions. Then write an article about your school.

- What school do you study at?
- How many classrooms are there at your school?
- Do you have a music room, an art room, or a computer room?
- Do you have a library or a reading room?
- Do you have a school hall?
- · Is your playground big?
- How do you get to school?

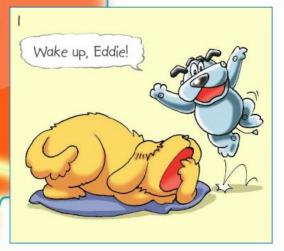


Good!

Unit 4

My day









No. I seldom go out. After breakfast, I sleep, and then I have lunch. After lunch, I always need a good rest.





School life

Millie writes to her online friend about her school life. She also writes about her likes and dislikes at school.



Tell your friends about your day at school and your likes and dislikes.



A day at school

(A) Look at the table of Millie's day. Complete the table on the right with your own daily activities.

	Millie's day	My day
:30 a.m.	Get up	
:00 a.m.	Have breakfast	
7:20 a.m.	Go to school	
3:00 a.m.	Do morning exercises	
3:15 a.m.	Have lessons	
l:50 a.m.	Have lunch	
:30 p.m.	Have lessons	
:00 p.m.	Do after-school activities	
:30 p.m.	Go home	
5:30 p.m.	Have dinner	
7:00 p.m.	Watch TV	
7:30 p.m.	Do homework	
1:30 p.m.	Go to bed	



B Millie is telling her aunt about her school life. Work in pairs and talk about your school life. Use the conversation below as a model.

Aunt: Millie, when do you go to school every day?

Millie: I usually go to school at 7:20. I'm never late for it.

Aunt: Good. What time do you start lessons?

Millie: At a quarter past eight.

Aunt: Do you enjoy school, Millie?

Millie: Yes. I enjoy it very much.

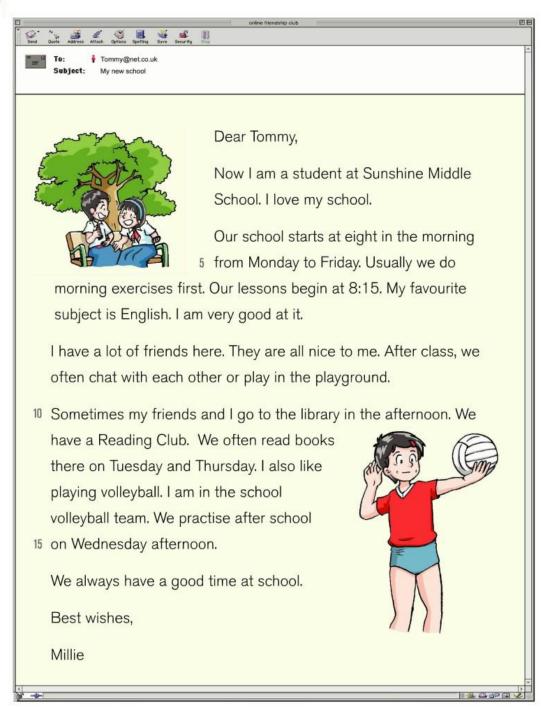
Unit 4



A School life



Millie often writes to her online friend Tommy. Here is one of her emails.



Millie's school days

B1 Tommy wants to know what Millie and her classmates do at school. Help him match each activity with the correct time.

01

do morning exercises oa after class

02



start lessons

ob on Wednesday afternoon

03



go to the Reading Club oc at a quarter past eight



play volleyball

od at eight

05



play in the playground **oe** on Tuesday and Thursday

B2 Tommy takes notes about Millie's email. Write a **T** if a sentence is true or an F if it is false.

- Millie likes her school very much.
- 2 School starts at 8:15 at Millie's school.
- English is Millie's favourite subject. 3
- 4 Millie seldom chats with her friends after class.
- 5 Millie only goes to the Reading Club on Tuesday.
- 6 Millie is a member of the school swimming team.

their conversation. Use the words and phrases in Millie's email on page 44.							
Joan:	I know your friend Millie is now at Sunshine Middle School. When						
	does her school (1) in the morning?						
Tommy:	At eight. They do (2) first. Their lessons						
	(3) at 8:15.						
Joan: Does Millie like (4)?							
Tommy: Yes, she does. She's good at it.							
Joan:	Does she have many friends at school?						
Tommy:	Yes. She has (5) friends there. They often						
	(6) with each other or play in the playground						
	after class.						
Joan:	Do they have a library?						
Tommy:	Yes, they do. They also have a (7) They						
often read books there on (8) and							
(9)							
Joan:	Does Millie like sports?						
Tommy:							
	(10) after school						
	on ⁽¹²⁾						
C M	day						
C My day							
	Complete the sentences about your day.						
1	ri .						
1							
1 0	ur school starts at						
	ur school starts at						
2 O	ır lessons begin at						
3 M	y favourite subject(s) is/are						
4 Af	ter class, I						
	after school.						
	unter serioor.						



M th

Months of the year January February March April May June July August September October November December

A Prepositions of time

We use different prepositions to talk about time.

Preposition	Used for	Example
in	parts of day months seasons years	My parents watch TV in the evening. We plant trees in March every year. In Hainan, it never snows in winter. The 22nd World Cup is in 2022.
on	days dates parts of a specific day special holidays	We do not go to school on Saturday. Our summer holiday starts on 1 July. Amy goes swimming on Sunday morning. They have lots of fun on Children's Day.
at	time of day	Millie has breakfast at seven o'clock. Children in China start school at 6 years old.

Seasons spring summer autumn winter



Tommy's school life

Tommy is writing back to Millie. Help him complete his email with the correct prepositions of time.

Dear Millie,
Thanks for your email. I would like to tell you about my life here.
Our lessons begin (1) nine o'clock. Usually we have three
lessons (2) the morning and two (3) the
afternoon. We do not have lessons (4) Saturday or Sunday.
I love sports. I am good at playing football. I often play it with my
friends (5) Saturday afternoon. We have a school football
match (6) autumn every year. This year, it is (7)
15 November. My friends and I always have great fun then.
All the best,
Tommy

B Adverbs of frequency

Adverbs of frequency tell you how often things happen. Look at the graph below.



How often do they exercise?

Mr Wu is writing about how often the students exercise. Look at the graph above. Then help him complete the sentences below.



1 Simon loves playing football. He _____ plays football in the playground.



- Sandy does not have much time to play tennis. She _____ plays tennis.
- **3** Amy is a member of the swimming team. She _____ swims after school.
- 4 Daniel does not like basketball. He _____ plays it.
- **5** Kitty goes to her dancing lessons every day. She _____ dances for half an hour.
- 6 Millie _____ goes roller skating, but she is not good at it.



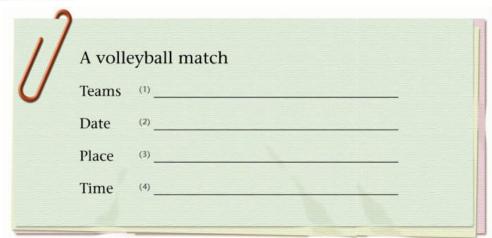
A volleyball match



 \bigcirc Millie is talking with Simon about a volleyball match. Listen to their conversation. Tick (\checkmark) the correct answer to each question.

- 1 What are the two teams in the match?
 - a Two classes in Sunshine Middle School.
 - **b** Students in Class 1, Grade 7.
 - c Sunshine Middle School and Moonlight Middle School.
- 2 When is the volleyball match?
 - a Tuesday, 27 November.
 - **b** Saturday, 17 November.
 - c Wednesday, 7 November.
- 3 Where is the volleyball match?
 - a At Moonlight Middle School.
 - **b** At Sunshine Sports Centre.
 - c At Sunshine Middle School.
- 4 What time does the volleyball match start?
 - a At 6:00 in the evening.
 - **b** At 7:00 in the evening.
 - c At 8:00 in the evening.

Simon is making notes about the volleyball match. Help him complete his notes below.





(A3) Simon wants to write a notice to his classmates. Listen to the conversation again. Help him complete it.

	Welcome to the	match
Dear classmates,		
There is a volley	ball match between (1)	and
(2)	on (3)	The match starts
at ⁽⁴⁾	, this (5)	evening, at
(6)	We can go there (7)	
I hope everyone	can come and watch the game	. Thanks.
Wish our team g	good luck!	
Simon		

B Speak up: What do you like to do at weekends?



Millie is chatting online with Tommy about their weekends. Work in pairs and talk about your weekends. Use the conversation below as a model.

Tommy, Milli	e e
Tommy:	What do you like to do at weekends, Millie?
Millie:	I like to visit the museums.
Tommy:	How often do you visit a museum?
Millie:	About twice a month. What about you, Tommy?
Tommy:	I like to go on picnics with my family.
Millie:	How often do you go on a picnic?
Tommy:	About once a week.
Millie:	That's great!



Vowels (III)



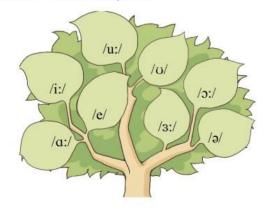
Read the following words. Pay attention to the sounds of the letter groups.



arm	art	car	star	->	/a:/
tall	walk	h or se	sh or t	→	/ɔ:/
eat	read	meet	see	->	/i:/
bread	head	heavy	weather	->	/e/
cool	f oo d	moon	school	->	/u:/
book	g oo d	look	w ou ld	->	/ʊ/
bird	girl	nurse	word	→	/3:/
aft er	dinner	father	worker	->	/ə/

(A) Read the words below. Put each of them in the correct place.

cook cool first foot free hall healthy never park player ready noodle world sport start team





B Look at the following pairs of words. Read the words on the left first. Then try to say the words on the right correctly.

1	shirt	birth	4	look	wood	7	clean	bean
2	winter	winner	5	car	bar	8	talk	chalk
3	food	noon	6	bread	dead	9	turn	hurt



Practise saying the following phrases.

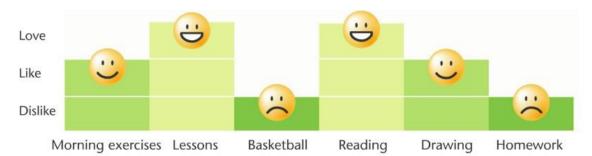
- 1 a car in the park
 2 a girl in a skirt
 4 cook at noon
 5 look at the book
 8 ready for breakfast
 - a nurse at work 6 walk on the wall 9 after dinner



Are you happy?

(A) Look at Millie's happiness chart. Then read about Millie's likes and dislikes in the table below.

Millie's happiness chart



Activity	Love	Like	Dislike	Reason
Morning exercises		1		They are good for us. They help us get ready for the day.
Lessons	1			Teachers are nice and the subjects are interesting.
Basketball			1	I am not tall, so I cannot play it well.
Reading	1			I can learn a lot about the world.
Drawing		1		It is fun.
Homework			/	We always have too much homework!

Useful expressions

I like/do not like

My favourite subject(s) is/are

I can learn a lot about

It helps me

It is fun/interesting.

I cannot ..., so

We always have

B Millie is writing about her likes and dislikes in her diary. Complete her diary entry with the information on page 52.

at school. Our teachers are (2) and the subjects are (3) I love (4) too. From it, I can learn a lot about (5)	
like (6) They are (7) They help us (8) for the day. also like (9) It is	Should be supply
do not like (11) am not (12), so cannot (13) We always have (14)	1

Discuss your likes and dislikes with your classmates, and then write them down. Use Millie's diary entry as a model.



I can	Examples	Result
 talk about Millie's school day. 		
2 use the new words to talk about my day.		
3 use correct prepositions to talk about time. use proper adverbs to talk about how often things happy		
4 find more words with the sounds /a:/, /o:/, /i:/, /e/, /u://0/, /3:/ and /ə/.		
Result: Wonderful! I need to spend more time on _	Good!	Not bad!

Project 1

My friend

Each student in Class 1, Grade 7 at Sunshine Middle School made a poster about one of his/her friends. They put up the posters on the wall as a class display. Your teacher wants you to do the same thing.

A Planning and making a poster



- 1 Work in pairs. Write a list of questions to ask your friend. You can use the following questions to help you.
- 2 Ask your friend the questions on your list.
- 3 Make notes of your friend's answers.
- 4 Make a poster about your friend.

Questions	Answers
About you:	
How old are you?	
How tall are you?	
Where are you from?	
Family:	
Where do you live?	
Who do you live with?	
Do you have any brothers or sisters?	
Do you have any cousins?	
School:	
Do you enjoy school?	
What subject do you like best?	
What do you like to do after class?	
What do you do after school?	
Are you a member of any school clubs?	

Favourite activities:	
What do you do at weekends?	
What sports do you like to play?	
How often do you play sports?	

B Tips for making your poster

Writing

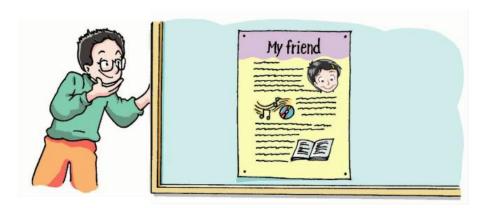
- Read your notes carefully.
- Make a plan before you start writing.
- Remember to write about your friend's looks.
- · Finish your writing.

Checking

- Check your words and sentences.
- · Ask your partner to check your work.

Displaying

- Work in pairs. Talk about how to make your poster look interesting.
- Put some pictures on your poster.
- Put up your poster on the wall for display.



Unit 5

Let's celebrate!













What is your favourite festival?

Millie learns about different festivals around the world. She also writes about the Spring Festival.



Write about your favourite festival.



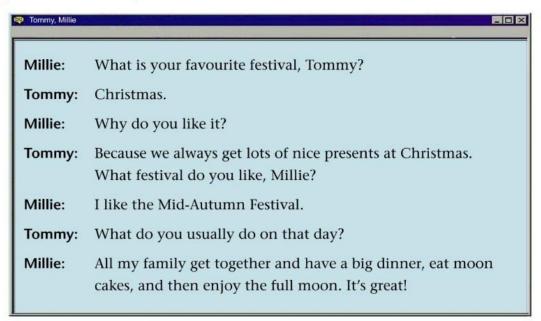
Festivals

(A) Millie is writing a list of festivals. Look at the pictures. Help her write the names of the festivals under the pictures.

Christmas Halloween Mid-Autumn Festival Thanksgiving Day

2
3
4
5
6

B Millie and Tommy are chatting online about their favourite festivals. Work in pairs and talk about your favourite festivals. Use the conversation below as a model.



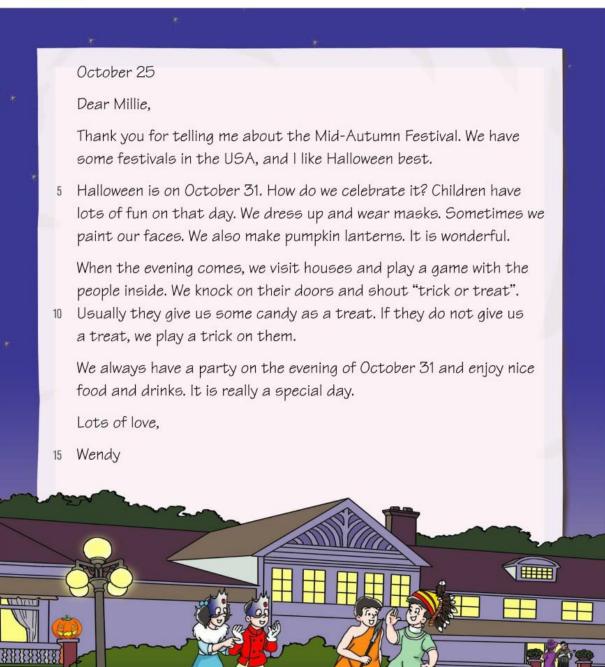


A Halloween





Millie's penfriend Wendy lives in the USA. Read her letter about Halloween.



B Learning about Halloween

B1 What do you know about Halloween? Help Millie complete her notes.

1		
31 (1)		
²⁾ up		*
Wear (3)	or paint their (4)	
Make (5)		
Play (6)		*
Have a (7)	_ in the evening	Notes
	Make (5)Play (6)	31 (1)

B2 Millie takes some notes about Wendy's letter. Write a T if a sentence is true or an F if it is false.

7/5-3	
1	People in the USA celebrate Halloween in October.
2	Halloween is not much fun for children.
3	People make lanterns out of oranges.
4	Children play "trick or treat" with their parents on Halloween.
5	People have a party on the morning of 31 October.
6	People enjoy nice food and drinks on Halloween.

B3 Millie wants to tell her classmates about Halloween in the USA. Complete her notes with the words in Wendy's letter.

-	
1	People (1) Halloween on 31 October.
5	Children dress up and (2) masks.
1	Sometimes they (3) their faces.
5	They (4) on people's doors and (5)
5	"trick or treat".
555555	People often give the children some (6) as a treat.
	Andy also wants to know something about Halloween. He is asking Millie some ns. Help Millie answer his questions.
Andy:	Millie, I have some questions. Do people in the USA celebrate the
	Mid-Autumn Festival?
Millie:	No, they seldom celebrate it. They celebrate (1)
Andy:	When do they celebrate it?
Millie:	They celebrate it on (2)
Andy:	Do children have fun on that day?
Millie:	Sure. They have (3)
Andy:	Do they play any games?
Millie:	Yes. They (4) and play "trick or treat" with the
	people (5)
Andy:	Do they have a party on that day?
Millie:	Sure. They always have a party in the evening. They enjoy nice
	(6)
Andy:	Does Wendy think the day is interesting?
Millie:	Yes. She thinks it is really a (7)



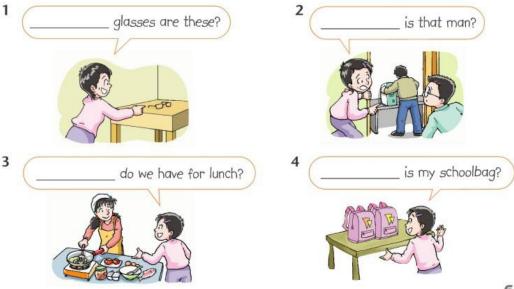
Asking wh- questions

We use wh- questions to ask for information about someone/something.

Question word	Information about	Question	Answer
What	Activity or thing	What do you do on Halloween?	We play games and have lots of fun.
Which	Thing or person	Which would you like?	I would like the red one.
Who	Person	Who is Mr Wu?	He is our teacher.
Whose	Possession	Whose bag is this?	It is Millie's.
When	Time	When is your birthday?	It is on 2 July.
Where	Place	Where is my pen?	It is under the desk.
Why	Reason	Why are you so happy?	Because it is my birthday!
How	Way of doing something	How do you get to school?	I get to school by bus.

Lots of questions

(A) Millie loves asking questions. Look at the pictures below and complete her questions.



	Millie is asking some more questions. Help question words.	o her form the questions with the
1 _	is your classroom?	It's on the ground floor.
2 _	mask is this?	It's Amy's.
3 _	is that girl in a red coat?	That's Kitty!
4 _	does he want for Christmas?	He wants a toy train.
5 _	present is for Daniel?	The blue one.
6 _	do you celebrate Christmas?	Family members get together and give each other presents.
7 _	is your birthday?	It's on 1 August.
8 _	do you want rice dumplings?	Because the Dragon Boat Festival is coming!
6		
	Millie is asking Amy about her birthday. C question words.	Complete their conversation with th
Millie:	What a nice cake! (1)	birthday is it today?
Amy:	It's my birthday, Millie.	
Millie:	Happy birthday, Amy! (2)your birthday?	do you usually celebrate
Amy:	We go out for a birthday dinner.	
Millie:	goes to your birtho	lay dinner?
Amy:	My grandparents, aunts, uncles and	cousins.
Millie:	I see. (4) do you have	the dinner?
Amy:	At a restaurant near my home.	
Millie:	(5) do you get as birth	day presents?

Books, clothes, shoes, toys and some other nice things.

Amy:



A Happy Chinese New Year!



(A1) Here is a poster for this year's Chinese New Year celebrations in New York. Listen to the host and help Wendy fill in part of the table below.

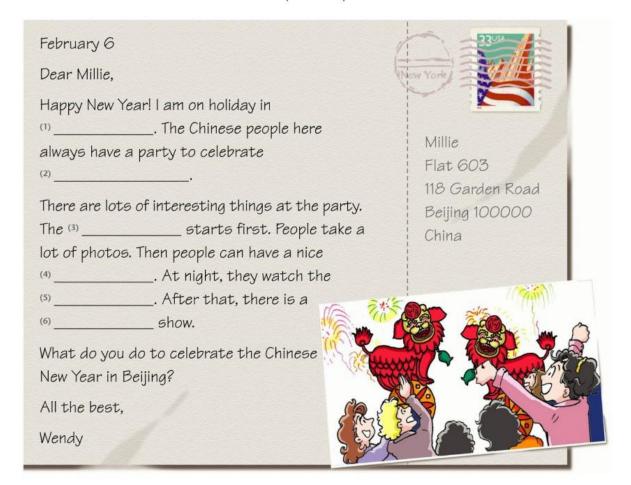
• Lion dance • Chinese dinner • Fireworks • Music and dance Date: Saturday, February 9 Place: Chinatown, New York Find out more on New York Radio.

Activity	Time	Place
Lion dance		Street
Chinese dinner		Street
Fireworks		Street
Music and dance		Street



(A2) Listen to the second part of the radio programme. Help Wendy complete the table above.

(A3) Wendy is writing a postcard to Millie to tell her about the Chinese New Year celebrations in New York. Complete her postcard.



B Speak up: Have a nice day!



Millie is talking to her mother about an activity at her school. Work in pairs and talk about an activity at your school. Use the conversation below as a model.

Mum: You seem very happy, Millie.

Millie: Yes, Mum. We have a "Festival Week" at school.

Mum: Really? What do you do?

Millie: We have shows about different festivals around the world. It's

interesting.

Mum: Great! Where do you have the shows?

Millie: At the school hall.

Mum: Good. Have a nice day!



Vowels (IV)

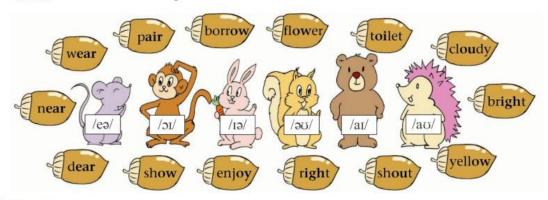


Read the following words. Pay attention to the sounds of the letter groups.



play	say	wait	rain	->	/eɪ/
h igh	light	n igh t	right	->	/aɪ/
boy	enj oy	toy	toilet	→	/si/
bowl	kn ow	boat	coat	->	/၁೮/
br ow n	d ow n	house	mouth	→	/aʊ/
ear	hear	near	year	->	/19/
bear	wear	chair	hair	->	/eə/
sure	tour			->	/ʊə/

Match the following words with the sounds of their letters in bold.





B Look at the pairs of words. Read the words on the left first. Then try to say the words on the right correctly.

1	toy	joy	4	now	town	7	hear	fear
2	great	break	5	slow	blow	8	bear	pear
3	light	fight	6	house	blouse	9	sure	cure

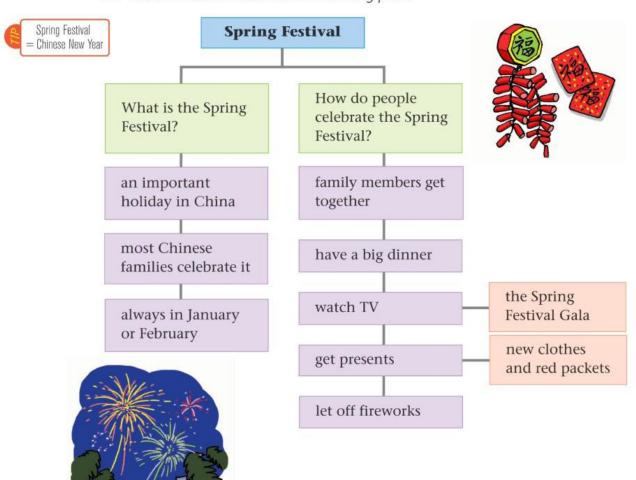


- Practise saying the following sentences.
- 1 Out of sight, out of mind.
- 2 There is no smoke without fire.
- 3 Put the brown toy bear on your chair.
- 4 Take the yellow coat when you go out.
- 5 We have great shows around the Chinese New Year.



My favourite festival

A lt is "Festival Week". Each student in Class 1, Grade 7 has to write about his or her favourite festival. Below is Millie's writing plan.



Useful expressions

... is an important holiday in/for

It is in/on

It is ..., but

There is/are ... on TV

We/They like to

Usually we get

... have lots of fun

B Complete Millie's article. Use her writing plan on page 66 to help you.

*☆ Sp	ring Fes	itival **
The Spring Festival is an i	important holiday in C	China. Most Chinese families
It is always in (2)	or (3)	It is often cold at this
time of year, but people a	are happy. Family me	mbers ⁽⁴⁾ and
then have a big (5)	After din	ner, people like to
(6) The	ere is a great Spring F	estival Gala on TV every year.
Children have lots of fun	on this day. We get p	resents. Usually our parents get
(7) read	dy for us, and we get	(8) from our
grandparents, parents, au	unts and uncles. We l	ike to let off (9)
at night. They are really w	vonderful!	
*		·

Make a writing plan for yourself. Look for information in the library or on the Internet. Then write about your favourite festival.



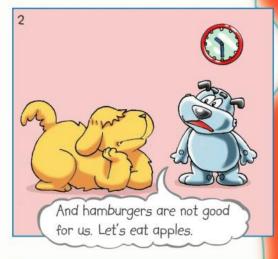
I can	Examples	Result			
1 talk about Halloween.		New York Control (1997)			
2 use the new words to talk about festivals.					
3 use wh- questions to ask for information about people or things.					
4 find more words with the sounds /eɪ/, /aɪ/, /ɔɪ/, /əʊ/, /aʊ/, /ɪə/, /eə/ and /ʊə/.					
Result: Wonderful! Good! Not bad! I need to spend more time on					

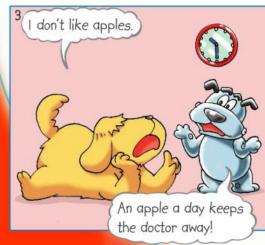
Unit 6

Food and lifestyle













How healthy are you?

Millie reads two articles about lifestyles. She also writes about her own lifestyle.

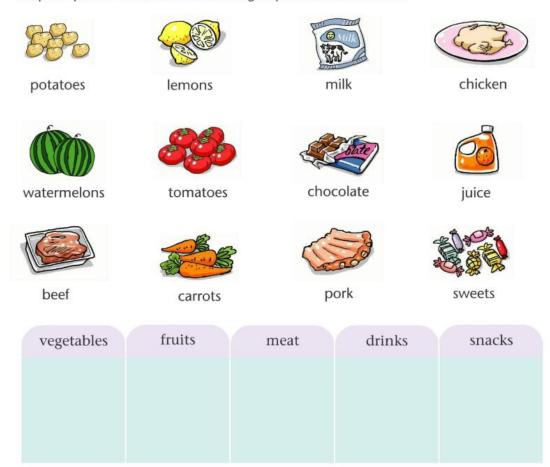


Task) Write about your lifestyle.



All kinds of food

(A) Millie has collected some information about food. Look at the pictures and help her put the food into the correct groups in the table below.





B Millie and Daniel are talking about food. What food do you like or dislike? Work in pairs and talk about it. Use the conversation below as a model.

Millie: I like bananas. How about you, Daniel?

Daniel: I like hamburgers.

Millie: Do you like carrots? They're my favourite.

Daniel: No, I don't like them. Do you like fish?

Millie: Yes. It's good for our health. I don't

like eggs. What about you?

Daniel: I like eggs.











Millie is reading about Kitty's and Daniel's lifestyles. Here are their articles.

What we eat and how we live



Hi! My name is Kitty. I love dancing.

I dance for half an hour every day.

Healthy food is important for me. I need to keep fit.
I always have milk and bread for breakfast. For lunch
and dinner, I usually eat fish and vegetables.
Sometimes I feel hungry between meals, so I eat an apple or a pear. I seldom eat cakes or sweets. They have too much sugar and are bad for my teeth.

Hello! I am Daniel. I like playing computer games. I seldom exercise.

10 I love hamburgers and cola, but they are not healthy.

I need to change my lifestyle now. I plan to eat more fruit and vegetables every day. I love beef, but I also need to eat some fish. There is a swimming pool



15 near my home. I plan to go swimming every week.

d°-0-

B Different lifestyles

lifestyle (line 11)

B1 Millie wants to know the meanings of some words in the articles. Help her match the words on the left with the meanings on the right.

B2 Help Kitty and Daniel write about what they eat. Use the words from the articles on page 70.

f strong and healthy



	OF CO.	
	130	
	THE R	
M.	RENTED TO	200
	Daniel	
1 love (9)	and	
(10)		
My favourite	meat is (11) _	
I do not eat	(12)	_ and
	every day	
	(10	
i ao not one	n eat (14)	

		Iillie takes some notes about Kitty's and Daniel's lifestyles is true or an F if it is false.	. Write a T if a					
1	Kitty	loves swimming.						
2	Kitty often eats healthy food.							
3	There is too much sugar in cakes and sweets.							
4	Daniel seldom plays computer games.							
5	Dani	el does not like to play sports.	8					
6	Kitty	and Daniel have healthy lifestyles.	-					
		imon is asking Millie some questions about Kitty's and De ie answer his questions.	aniel's lifestyles					
Sim	on:	How often does Kitty dance?						
Mill	ie:	She dances (1)						
Sim	on:	How long does Kitty dance every time?						
Mill	ie:	She dances for (2)						
Sim	on:	Why is healthy food so important for Kitty?						
Mill	lie:	Because she needs to (3)						
Sim	on:	Does Daniel have a healthy lifestyle?						
Mill	ie:	(4)						
Sim	on:	What does Daniel plan to eat every day?						
Mill	ie:	He plans to eat (5)	every day.					
Sim	on:	What does Daniel plan to do?						
Mill	ie:	He plans to (6) every week.						





Countable and uncountable nouns

A countable noun refers to something we can count. Here are some examples.

Countable nouns (singular)			Countable nouns (plural)		
an apple	a carrot	a cake	two apples	six carrots	ten cakes

We use **a** or **an** before a singular countable noun. If the noun starts with a vowel sound, we use **an**.

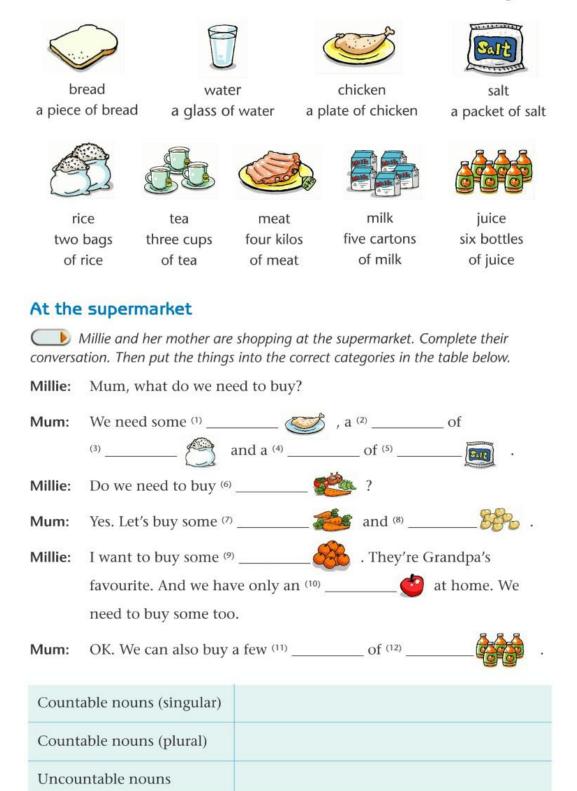
Lwant to huy	a	hamburger. cake.
I want to buy	an	egg. orange.



To form the plural of most countable nouns, we add -s to the singular form. However, there are some exceptions.

Most nouns	+ s	cake	→	cake s
Nouns ending in a consonant + y	– y + ies	story	→	stor ies
Nouns ending in s, sh, ch or x	+ es	bus wish match box	+ + + +	buses wishes matches boxes
Nouns ending in o	+ s or + es	photo potato tomato	→ → →	photos potatoes tomatoes
Nouns ending in f or fe	- f/fe + ves	half life	→	halves lives
Some other nouns		man woman foot tooth child sheep	+ + + + + +	men women feet teeth children sheep

An uncountable noun refers to something we cannot count. We can use nouns before uncountable nouns to show their amounts. Here are some examples.





A How to keep fit

 \bigcirc Here is a questionnaire on the Internet. Read the questions and tick (\checkmark) the correct boxes to show your lifestyle.

A questionnaire is a list of questions for collecting information.

Ų,	LESTYLE questionnaire		
		You	Benny
	 How often do you exercise? a less than 3 times a week b 3-6 times a week c every day 		
2	How long do you sleep every night? a less than 7 hours b more than 9 hours c about 8 hours		
3	How long do you watch TV every day? a more than 2 hours b 1–2 hours c less than 1 hour		
4	How often do you eat cake, chocolate or sweets? a every day b often c seldom		
5	How often do you eat fruit and vegetables? a never b seldom c often		
6	How often do you take a walk? a never b sometimes c every day		



 \triangle Listen to an interview with Benny. Read the questionnaire above and tick (\checkmark) the correct boxes to show his lifestyle.

(A3) How healthy are you and Benny? Fill in the table below.

□ Your health □ □ □							
		You	Benny	Scores:			
Total number o	f a s			a = 1 point b = 2 points			
Total number of b s				c = 3 points			
Total number of c s							
Your score:	_		Benny's score:				
6-9 points: Your lifestyle is not healthy. You need to exercise more and eat more healthy food.							
10-13 points: Not bad, but your lifestyle is not very healthy. You need to exercise more.							
14-18 points: Your lifestyle is healthy. Very good!							
6°-0-							

Speak up: What would you like to order?



Millie and her cousin Andy are ordering food at a restaurant. Work in pairs and talk about what you would like to have. Use the conversation below as a model.

Millie: What would you like to order, Andy?

Andy: Let me have a look at the menu, please. How about some beef?

Millie: OK. I'll have some fish. Would you like some vegetables?

Andy: Yes. Some green beans, please.

Millie: All right. We'll also have some rice. Any drinks?

Andy: Can I have a bottle of cola?

Millie: Cola is not healthy, Andy. What about some apple juice?

Andy: That's fine. Apple juice tastes good.

Millie: OK. Beef, fish, green beans, apple juice and some rice.



Consonants (II)



Read the following words. Pay attention to the sounds of each group.



family	very	short	usually	th ink	there	seldom	Z 00
often	over	fish	television	both	fa th er	ni c e	alway s
/f/	/v/	/5/	/3/	/0/	/ð/	/s/	/z/

try	draw	children	just	star ts	rea ds
travel	dr eam	ma tch	g eography	spor ts	frien ds
/tr/	/dr/	/tʃ/	/ʤ/	/ts/	/dz/

(A) Match the words if their letters in bold have the same sound.



- 1
- 1

B Read the pairs of words below. Write **S** in the box if the letters in bold of a pair have the same sound. Write **D** if they do not.

1	wait	visit	5	mouth	mo th er	9	tree	dr iver	
2	thing	sing	6	thin	think	10	nurse	nose	
3	just	juice	7	wash	watch	11	coats	cards	
4	light	night	8	chair	shout	12	shoe	shop	



Practise saying the following sentences.

- 1 She sells seashells by the seashore.
- 2 There are three toy trains in the tree.
- 3 One hundred children have one hundred dreams.
- 4 The schoolboys on the bus are my classmates.



Healthy lifestyle





(A) Simon also writes about his lifestyle. Read his article.

I am Simon. I often play football to keep fit. I also eat healthy food.

For breakfast, I always have an egg. I also eat baozi or mantou, and I drink a glass of milk. This helps me start the day well.

I have rice or noodles for lunch. I have meat and vegetables too. This meal gives me energy for the whole afternoon.

For dinner, I often have soup, fish and vegetables. I eat fruit every day. Fruit and vegetables are good for us. We need them to keep healthy. I also drink lots of water every day.







Useful expressions

I have a healthy lifestyle.

I dance/swim ... every day.

I often ... to keep fit.

For breakfast/lunch/dinner, I always/sometimes/often have

I have ... with ... for breakfast/lunch/dinner.

This helps me

I love fruit/vegetables.

... is/are good for us.

I plan to eat/drink